

2019 Half-Year Results Debt Investor Update



Group Performance Overview



Long-term shareholder returns

Wesfarmers' primary objective is to provide a satisfactory return to shareholders

We believe it is only possible to achieve this over the long term by:

Anticipating the needs of our customers & delivering competitive goods & services



Looking after our team members & providing a safe, fulfilling work environment



Engaging fairly with our suppliers & sourcing ethically & sustainably



Supporting the communities in which we operate



Taking care of the environment



Acting with integrity & honesty in all of our dealings



Progress on strategic agenda: 1H19 highlights

Portfolio management – significant repositioning

- Demerger of Coles
- · Sale of Bengalla
- Sale of Kmart Tyre & Auto
- Sale of stake in Quadrant Energy

Talent – key appointments

- · Ian Bailey, MD Kmart Group
- Marina Joanou, MD Target
- Sarah Hunter, MD Officeworks
- · Naomi Flutter, EGM Corporate Affairs
- David Cheesewright (ex-Walmart) as strategic adviser

Data & digital

- Group leadership conference (top 160)
- Build out of Advanced Analytics Centre & use case development
- Formalised flybuys JV with Coles & appointment of new CEO
- Record penetration & strong growth (34%) in online sales

Financial overview

Half-year ended 31 December (\$m)	Reported	Excluding significant items ²	Variance to pcp (exc. significant items²)
Results from continuing operations ¹			
Earnings before interest & tax	1,645	1,645	9.5%
Net profit after tax	1,080	1,080	10.4%
Basic earnings per share (cps)	96	96	10.5%
Results including discontinued operations ¹			
Earnings before interest & tax	5,482	2,232	(5.0%)
Net profit after tax	4,538	1,479	(3.6%)
Basic earnings per share (cps)	401	131	(3.5%)
Dividend per share (cps)	100	100	(2.9%)
Special dividend per share (cps)	100	100	n.a.

- Results reflect a period of significant change following successful completion of actions taken to reposition Group's portfolio
- Reported net profit after tax (NPAT) of \$4,538m for the half, including post-tax significant items of \$3,059m;
 NPAT from continuing operations increased 10.4% to \$1,080m
- Fully-franked ordinary interim dividend of \$1.00 per share & fully-franked special dividend of \$1.00 per share
- Strong balance sheet & portfolio activity supports capital management while preserving capacity to take advantage of value-accretive growth opportunities if & when they arise

^{1. 2018} discontinued operations include Coles, Kmart Tyre & Auto (KTAS), Bengalla & Quadrant Energy. 2017 discontinued operations include Curragh & Bunnings UK & Ireland (BUKI).

^{2. 2018} excludes pre-tax (post-tax) significant items comprising \$2,312m (\$2,252m) gain on demerger of Coles, \$679m (\$583m) gain on sale of Bengalla, \$267m (\$219m) gain on sale of KTAS, \$138m (\$107m) gain on sale of Quadrant Energy, partially offset by a \$146m (\$102m) provision for supply chain automation in Coles. 2017 excludes Target's pre-tax (post-tax) non-cash impairment of \$306m (\$300m). Results including discontinued operations also exclude pre-tax (post-tax) significant items of \$931m (\$1,023m) relating to BUKI.

Group performance summary

Half-year ended 31 December (\$m)	2018	2017	Var %
Results from continuing operations ¹			
EBIT	1,645	1,196	37.5
EBIT (excl. significant items) ²	1,645	1,502	9.5
Net profit after tax	1,080	678	59.3
Net profit after tax (excl. significant items) ²	1,080	978	10.4
Earnings per share (excl. significant items) ² (cps)	95.5	86.4	10.5
Results including discontinued operations ¹			
EBIT	5,482	1,113	n.m.
EBIT (exc. significant items) ^{2,3}	2,232	2,350	(5.0)
Net profit after tax	4,538	212	n.m.
Net profit after tax (excl. significant items) ^{2,3}	1,479	1,535	(3.6)
Earnings per share (excl. significant items) ^{2,3} (cps)	130.8	135.6	(3.5)
Operating cash flow	1,987	2,897	(31.4)
Net capital expenditure	678	686	(1.2)
Free cash flow	2,393	2,228	7.4
Half-year ordinary dividend (cps)	100	103	(2.9)
Special dividend (cps)	100	-	n.a.
Net financial debt ⁴	324	3,864	(91.6)

n.m. = not meaningful

^{1.} Discontinued operations relate to Coles, KTAS, Bengalla & Quadrant Energy which were disposed of during 1H19, & Curragh & BUKI which were disposed of during FY18.

^{2. 2018} excludes pre-tax (post-tax) significant items comprising \$2,312m (\$2,252m) gain on demerger of Coles, \$679m (\$583m) gain on sale of Bengalla, \$267m (\$219m) gain on sale of KTAS, \$138m (\$107m) gain on sale of Quadrant Energy, partially offset by a \$146m (\$102m) provision for supply chain automation in Coles. 2017 excludes Target's non-cash impairment of \$306m (\$300m).

^{3. 2017} excludes pre-tax (post-tax) significant items of \$931m (\$1,023m) relating to BUKI.

^{4.} Interest bearing liabilities less cash at bank, on deposit & in short term investments, net of cross-currency interest rate swaps & interest rate swap contracts.

Divisional earnings summary

EBIT (\$m) Half-year ended 31 December	2018	2017	Var %	Var \$m	% of divisional EBIT
Bunnings Australia & New Zealand	932	864	7.9	68	57%
Kmart Group (continuing operations) ¹ Including KTAS ²	383	398 415	(3.8)	(15) (22)	24%
Officeworks	76	68	11.8	8	
					5%
Industrials (continuing operations) ³ WesCEF	227 185	233 181	(2.6) 2.2	(6) 4	14%
Industrial & Safety	42	52	(19.2)	(10)	

^{1.} Excludes KTAS.

^{2.} Includes KTAS for period of ownership (divested 1 November 2018). 2017 includes full six month contribution from KTAS.

^{3.} Excludes Quadrant Energy & Resources (Bengalla & Curragh).

Operational highlights

- Bunnings: Continued sales growth in consumer & commercial, in all product categories & across all major trading regions; growth was achieved despite high levels of growth in 1H18, high rainfall on the East Coast & softening in conditions in the residential housing market
- Kmart Group
 - Kmart: Strong double digit sales growth in online offer supported by extended click & collect service
 & introduction of buy now pay later offering; customer feedback remained strong, reflected in increased units sold
 - Target: Earnings growth delivered through improved trading margins reflecting increased levels of direct sourcing, lower markdowns, improved sales mix & the benefit of annualised cost savings
- Officeworks: Strong revenue & EBIT growth; continued focus on customer offer & investments in 'every channel' strategy
- Chemicals, Energy & Fertilisers: Chemicals earnings benefited from strong WA EGAN demand due to continued disruption at the competing Burrup plant; Fertilisers earnings improved due to favourable late season conditions

Operating cash flows

- Divisional cash generation¹ excluding discontinued operations remains strong at approximately 115%²
- Operating cash flows of \$1,987m impacted by demerger of Coles
 - Coles operating cash flow \$526m lower than prior corresponding period, reflecting removal of Coles earnings in December & the usual working capital unwind
 - Payment of tax instalments in December, relating to pre-demerger trading
- The determination of Coles' net debt of \$2.0bn at time of demerger took into account the seasonality of operating cash flows
- Group cash realisation ratio of 98.5%³, impacted by the timing of the demerger of Coles, timing of property sales, reduction in income tax payable as well as one-off noncash gains on investment in Barminco



^{1.} Divisional operating cash flows before tax after net capital expenditure divided by divisional EBIT.

^{2.} Includes contribution from KTAS & Quadrant

^{3.} Operating cash flows as a percentage of net profit after tax, before depreciation, amortisation & significant items.

Working capital & free cash flows

- Positive working capital result lower than 1H18
 - Timing of Coles demerger during seasonal inventory build & removal of the usual working capital unwind during December
 - Non-repeat of significant inventory reduction in Target in 1H18
 - Timing of Bunnings property sales impacting receivables
- Free cash flows of \$2,393m, \$165m above prior half-year
 - Net proceeds from disposals totalling \$1.1bn offset by lower operating cash flows from removal of divested businesses, demerger of Coles & transfer of Coles' cash on hand & in transit

Half-year ended 31 December (\$m)	2018	2017
Cash movement inflow/(outflow)		
Receivables & prepayments	73	(169)
Inventory	(687)	(452)
Payables	930	1,317
Total	316	696
Working capital cash movement		
Retail	362	837
Industrials & Other	(46)	(141)

Capital expenditure

- Gross capital expenditure, including discontinued operations, decreased \$49m to \$955m
 - Higher capital expenditure in Coles
 - Investment in Coregas healthcare

Offset by:

- Decrease in Kmart Group capital expenditure due to brand acquisition in 1H18
- Timing of new stores in Bunnings
- Proceeds from property disposals decreased \$41m to \$277m:
 - Bunnings property disposals of \$237m
- Net capital expenditure decreased marginally to \$678m
- FY19 net capital expenditure of \$750m to \$950m expected (including discontinued operations), subject to net property investment

Half-year ended 31 December (\$m) ¹	2018	2017	Var %
Bunnings	240	275	(12.7)
Kmart Group	119	197	(39.6)
Officeworks	20	11	81.8
WesCEF	32	30	6.7
Industrial & Safety	46	19	n.m.
Other	2	1	n.m.
Gross capital expenditure	459	533	(13.9)
Sale of PP&E	(245)	(226)	8.4
Net capital expenditure	214	307	(30.3)
Net capital expenditure in discontinued operations ²	464	379	22.4
Group (including discontinued)			
Gross capital expenditure	955	1,004	(4.9)
Sale of PP&E	(277)	(318)	(12.9)
Net capital expenditure - Group	678	686	(1.2)

^{1.} Capital investment provided on a cash basis.

^{2.} Discontinued operations include Coles, KTAS, Bengalla & Quadrant Energy in 2019 & Curragh & BUKI in 2018.

Outlook



Outlook

Operational

- BANZ well positioned for continued growth; moderated trading conditions are expected to continue
- The Kmart Group is well positioned for the future; in the short term earnings will be affected by moderated trading momentum & continued focus on customer value in Kmart & ongoing transformation in Target
- Officeworks to continue to focus on execution of strategic agenda; variable trading conditions expected to continue & competitive pressure expected to remain strong
- Production & demand for WesCEF products is expected to remain robust; AN to continue to benefit from ongoing disruption at competing Burrup plant but medium term earnings will be affected by an oversupply of EGAN in WA
- Industrial & Safety market conditions & demand in Australia expected to remain generally stable, but weakness in New Zealand & UK markets expected to persist

Group

- Following successful repositioning of the portfolio, Wesfarmers has a very strong balance sheet & is well placed to deliver improved shareholder returns
- Despite cautious trading conditions, businesses within the portfolio are well positioned to continue to deliver long term growth in shareholder value
- The retail divisions will remain focused on customers & on managing the businesses for long term success & value creation
- Continued focus on leveraging data & digital capabilities, developing great talent & teams, & driving entrepreneurial initiative

Debt Management



Maintaining strong balance sheet and credit ratings

- Continued strength in Group's debt position
 - Net financial debt¹ of \$0.3b as at 31 December 2018
 - Net financial debt¹ down from \$3.6b at 30 June 2018; significantly decreased from \$3.9b at 31
 December 2017
 - Strong liquidity position, supported by \$2.8b of undrawn bank facilities
- Strong credit ratings: Moody's A3 (Stable); Standard & Poor's A- (Stable)
- Maintaining prudent capital structure and strong credit rating is important to Wesfarmers



^{1.} Interest bearing liabilities less cash at bank & on deposit, net of cross currency swaps & interest rate swap contracts

Financial discipline is core to Wesfarmers' strategy

- Recent activities
 - November 2018: Demerger of Coles completed; received \$2b
 - November 2018 & December 2018: Divestments of Kmart Tyre and Auto, Quadrant Energy & Bengalla; received net proceeds totalling \$1.1b
- Future debt maturities
 - March 2019: A\$500m seven-year domestic bonds
 - Ongoing extension of bank facilities
- Future activities
 - Continue to monitor debt capital markets for favourable issuance opportunities subject to financing requirements

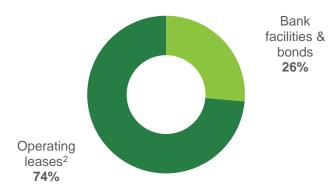
Management of lease portfolio

- Undiscounted lease commitments totalled \$8.6b & represent 74% of Group fixed financial obligations as at 31 December 2018
 - Undiscounted lease commitments reduced by more than \$9b following the demerger of Coles
- Shorter average lease tenure of 5.3 years¹ (FY18: 5.8 years), complemented by extension options to maintain security of tenure
 - Reflects demerger of Coles & disciplined management of leases in remaining retail businesses
- Continued focus on lease-adjusted return on capital as a key hurdle for divisions

Weighted average lease terms



Fixed financial obligations¹

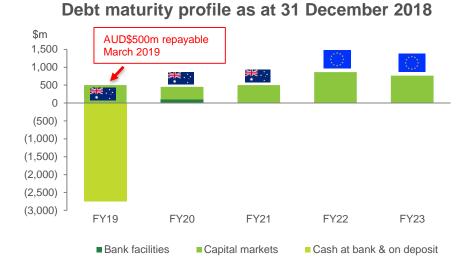


^{1.} Average lease tenure calculated as weighted average of dollar commitments by year. Excludes discontinued operations.

^{2.} Represents future undiscounted minimum rentals payable under non-cancellable operating leases.

Pro-active debt management

- Continued focus on maturity profile & maintaining liquidity headroom in revolving bilateral bank facilities
- Commitment to ensure diversity of funding sources, including the domestic & international debt capital markets
- Standard terms & conditions across all DCM programmes

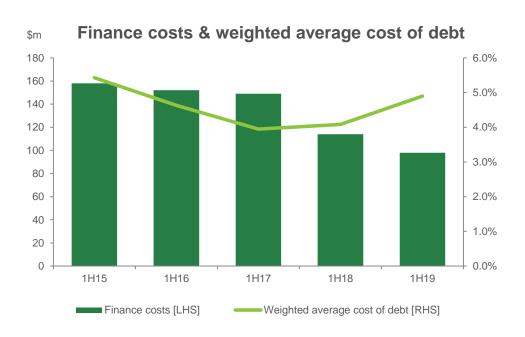


DCM Funding Sources as at 31 December 2018



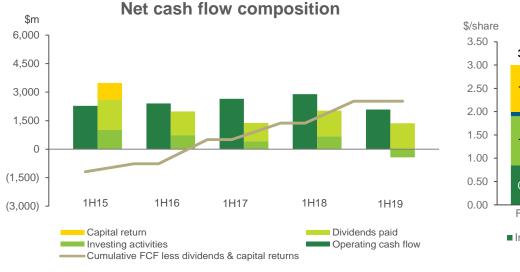
Reduced funding costs

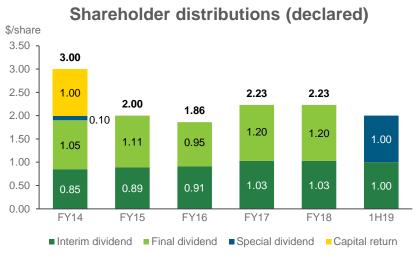
- Finance costs decreased by 14.9% to \$97m in 1H19 due to lower average debt levels
- All-in effective borrowing cost 4.90% in 1H19 (1H18: 4.08%)
 - Increased weighting of higher cost bonds as lower cost bank debt was repaid



Dividends

- Dividend policy takes into account through the cycle free cash flow requirements & debt refinancing
- Fully-franked ordinary interim dividend of \$1.00 per share & fully-franked special dividend of \$1.00 per share (total dividend amount of \$2.3b)
 - Distributes profits from asset disposals
 - Takes into account available franking credits, strong balance sheet, robust credit metrics & cash flow generation
 - Preserves balance sheet capacity to take advantage of value-accretive growth opportunities if & when they arise
- Focus on maintaining strong credit metrics





Questions



Appendix: 2019 Half-Year Results Briefing Presentation (Operational Extract)



Bunnings Australia & New Zealand









Bunnings Australia & New Zealand performance summary

Half-year ended 31 December (\$m)	2018	2017	Var %
Revenue	6,909	6,566	5.2
EBITDA ¹	1,027	953	7.8
Depreciation & amortisation	(95)	(89)	(6.7)
EBIT ¹	932	864	7.9
EBIT margin ¹ (%)	13.5	13.2	
RoC (R12, %)	50.2	47.0	
Safety (R12, TRIFR)	12.0	15.8	
Total store sales growth ² (%)	5.5	10.1	
Store-on-store sales growth ² (%)	4.0	9.0	

^{1.} Includes net property contribution for 2018 of \$51m & 2017 of \$30m.

^{2. 2018} growth reflects the six months to 31 December 2018 relative to the six months to 31 December 2017. 2017 growth reflects the 6 months to 31 December 2017 relative to the 6 months to 31 December 2016.

Bunnings Australia & New Zealand overview

- Revenue growth of 5.2%
 - Total store growth of 5.5%; store-on-store growth of 4.0%
 - Continued growth in consumer & commercial, in all product categories & across all major trading regions
 - Growth was achieved despite high levels of growth in 1H18, high rainfall on the East Coast & softening in conditions in the residential housing market
- EBIT increased 7.9%
 - Ongoing focus on cost control
 - Higher property contribution
- RoC (R12) increased 3.2 ppt
 - Ongoing investment in network
 - Property recycling program
 - Eight new warehouse stores opened including four replacement stores
 - 18 upgrades & expansions completed





Bunnings Australia & New Zealand overview

- Strong progress on strategic agenda
- Driving growth
 - Continued investment in customer value
 - Product range expansion & innovation
 - Ongoing network & layout refresh work
- Better experiences
 - Click & collect pilot trial underway
 - PowerPass mobile app introduced
 - Expansion of installation offer
 - Increased in-store workshops & activities
- Efficiency through the core
 - Continued safety focus, reduced injury frequency
 - Using analytics to drive productivity & inventory optimisation





Bunnings Australia & New Zealand outlook

- Moderated trading conditions are expected to continue
- Well positioned to continue to drive growth
 - Investing further in customer value
 - Broadening product ranges
 - Expanding service offerings
- Continued development of digital capability
 - Significant increase in digital investment
 - Expansion of click & collect offer
 - Building towards full online transactional offer for Australia & New Zealand
- 14 new stores under construction
- Six upgrades & expansions to be completed



Kmart Group







Kmart Group performance summary

Half-year ended 31 December (\$m)	2018	2017	Var %
Revenue ¹	4,639	4,604	0.8
EBITDA ¹	480	497	(3.4)
Depreciation & amortisation ¹	(97)	(99)	2.0
EBIT ¹	383	398	(3.8)
EBIT (including KTAS) ²	393	415	(5.3)
EBIT margin ¹ (%)	8.3	8.6	
RoC ³ (R12, %)	33.9	25.6	
Safety ³ (R12, TRIFR)	21.0	24.2	
Kmart ³			
Total sales growth ⁴ (%)	1.0	9.0	
Comparable sales growth ⁴ (%)	(0.6)	5.8	
Target			
Total sales growth ⁵ (%)	0.3	(6.2)	
Comparable sales growth ⁵ (%)	0.5	(6.5)	

^{1. 2018} excludes KTAS trading performance & gain on disposal of KTAS. 2017 excludes a pre-tax non-cash impairment of \$306m in Target.

^{2. 2018} includes KTAS trading performance & excludes gain on disposal of KTAS. 2017 includes KTAS for full six months and excludes a pre-tax non-cash impairment of \$306m in Target.

^{3.} Excludes KTAS. The increase in ROC also reflects lower capital employed as a result of non-cash impairments in Target in June 2016.

^{4. 2018} growth reflects the 27 week period 25 June 2018 to 30 December 2018 & the 27 week period 26 June 2016 to 31 December 2017. 2017 growth reflects the 27 week period 26 June 2017 to 31 December 2017 & the 27 week period 27 June 2016 to 1 January 2017.

^{5. 2018} growth reflects the 27 week period 24 June 2018 to 29 December 2018 & the 27 week period 25 June 2016 to 30 December 2017. 2017 growth reflects the 27 week period 25 June 2017 to 30 December 2017 & the 27 week period 26 June 2016 to 31 December 2017.

Kmart Group overview

Revenue increased 0.8% to \$4,639 million¹

Kmart:

- Total sales growth of 1.0%
- Modest decline in comparable sales driven by underperformance in apparel, lower growth in non-seasonal products & exit from DVD category
- Strong double digit sales growth in online offer supported by extended click & collect service & introduction of buy now pay later offering
- Customer feedback remained strong, reflected in increased units sold

• Target:

- Continued reset of product, price & range
- Improved quality of sales mix & growth achieved in womenswear a highlight
- Good momentum & sales growth in online proposition driven by improved availability & increased rates of customer conversion

Kmart Group overview

- Earnings decreased by 3.8% to \$383m¹
 - Kmart earnings declined primarily due to increased store & supply chain expenses resulting from additional stores, increased units sold, underlying cost inflation & implementation of revised product flow through the supply chain to reduce congestion in stores
 - Target earnings growth delivered through improved trading margins reflecting increased levels of direct sourcing, lower markdowns, improved sales mix & the benefit of annualised cost savings
- Improved inventory & working capital management within both brands
- Disciplined & integrated management of the store network:
 - Kmart: opened three new stores (including one replacement) & completed 20 store refurbishments
 - Target: opened one previously committed new store, closed eight stores & progressed store renewal trials & space resets

Kmart Group outlook

- Kmart Group is well positioned for the future
- In the short term earnings will be affected by moderated trading momentum & continued focus on customer value in Kmart & ongoing transformation in Target
- Kmart will continue to focus on:
 - Creating a great place to shop that is simple to run & delivering better products at even lower prices
 - Maintaining lowest price leadership & continued improvements to the product offer
 - Relentlessly pursuing lowest cost & increasing operational productivity
 - Accelerating initiatives to improve the digital customer offer
 - Continuing to invest in the store network
- Target to continue to advance its business transformation focused on improving quality of its ranges, accelerating the online proposition & optimising the store network including by progressing store renewal trials & space resets

Officeworks





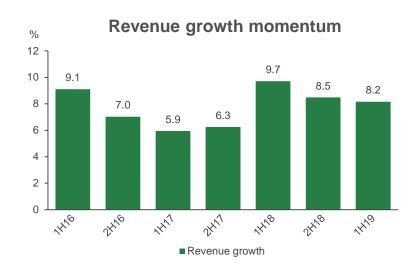
Officeworks performance summary

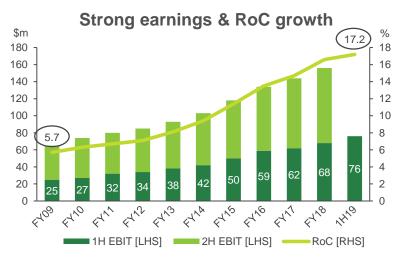
Half-year ended 31 December (\$m)	2018	2017	Var %
Revenue	1,100	1,017	8.2
EBITDA	90	80	12.5
Depreciation & amortisation	(14)	(12)	(16.7)
EBIT	76	68	11.8
EBIT margin (%)	6.9	6.7	
RoC (R12, %)	17.2	15.7	
Safety (R12, TRIFR)	11.0	10.7	
Sales growth ¹	8.2	9.8	

^{1. 2018} growth reflects the six months to 31 December 2018 relative to the six months to 31 December 2017. 2017 growth reflects the 6 months to 31 December 2017 relative to the 6 months to 31 December 2016.

Officeworks overview

- Strong headline results
 - Revenue growth of 8.2%
 - Strong sales growth in stores & online
 - Ongoing improvement in sales density
 - EBIT growth of 11.8%
 - Effective gross margin & CODB management
 - RoC (R12) up 1.5 ppts to 17.2%
- Strong focus on customer offer
 - Relentless focus on price, range & service
 - Merchandise layout & store design changes
 - New & expanded product ranges
- Continued investment in 'every channel' strategy
 - Two new stores, ongoing online investment
 - Strong momentum maintained in B2B segment





Officeworks outlook

- Continued focus on execution of strategic agenda
 - Strengthen & expand the customer proposition by continually adding new products & services
 - Extend 'every channel' reach physical & digital
 - Enhance productivity & efficiency through effective cost control & working capital improvements
 - Invest in talent, diversity & safety
 - Make a positive difference in the community
- Variable trading conditions expected to continue & competitive pressure expected to remain strong





Industrials





























Industrials performance summary (continuing operations)

Half-year ended 31 December (\$m)		2018	2017	Var %
Revenue	Chemicals, Energy & Fertilisers	874	764	14.4
	Industrial & Safety	876	869	0.8
	Total	1,750	1,633	7.2
EBITDA	Chemicals, Energy & Fertilisers ¹	221	216	2.3
	Industrial & Safety	61	73	(16.4)
	Total	282	289	(2.4)
EBIT	Chemicals, Energy & Fertilisers ¹	185	181	2.2
	Industrial & Safety	42	52	(19.2)
	Total	227	233	(2.6)

^{1.} Excludes Quadrant Energy, which was divested in November 2018.

Chemicals, Energy & Fertilisers performance summary

Half-year ended 31 December ¹ (\$m)		2018	2017	Var %
Revenue ²	Chemicals	502	439	14.4
	Energy	233	223	4.5
	Fertilisers	139	102	36.3
	Total	874	764	14.4
EBITDA		221	216	2.3
Depreciation & amortisation		(36)	(35)	(2.9)
EBIT		185	181	2.2
EBIT ³ (including Quadrant Energy)		190	188	1.1
External sales volumes ⁴ ('000 tonnes)	Chemicals	546	494	10.5
	LPG	75	81	(7.4)
	Fertilisers	301	253	19.0
RoC (R12, %)		29.4	26.9	
Safety (R12, TRIFR)		5.3	3.8	

^{1.} Excludes Quadrant Energy unless otherwise stated.

^{2.} Excludes intra-division sales.

^{3. 2018} includes a five month contribution from Quadrant Energy, which was divested in November 2018.

^{4.} External sales exclude AN volumes transferred between chemicals & fertilisers business segments.

Chemicals, Energy & Fertilisers overview

- Modest earnings growth & improved capital efficiency increased RoC by 2.5 ppt
- Chemicals earnings slightly lower
 - Strong WA EGAN¹ demand due to continued disruption at competing Burrup plant but AN² earnings impacted by increasing ammonia input costs & customer discounts to secure contracted offtake
 - Ammonia impacted by an unplanned production disruption partially offset by higher ammonia prices
 & lower gas input costs (new gas supply contract commenced late in prior period)
 - Higher volumes of lower margin traded chemicals contributed to sales revenue growth
 - Higher earnings for sodium cyanide as a result of higher domestic volumes & export margins
- Energy earnings higher
 - Increased Kleenheat earnings driven by higher Saudi CP³ & further growth in natural gas retail customers during the period, partially offset by lower domestic LPG sales volumes
- Fertilisers earnings improved due to favourable late season conditions

^{1.} Explosive grade ammonium nitrate.

^{2.} Ammonium nitrate.

Industrial & Safety performance summary

Half-year ended 31 December (\$m)	2018	2017	Var %
Revenue	876	869	0.8
EBITDA	61	73	(16.4)
Depreciation & amortisation	(19)	(21)	9.5
EBIT	42	52	(19.2)
EBIT margin (%)	4.8	6.0	
RoC (R12, %)	7.5	8.3	
Safety (R12, TRIFR)	7.3	6.4	

Industrial & Safety overview

- Revenue 0.8% higher than prior corresponding period
 - Blackwoods revenue broadly in line, with increased Australian revenues from stronger mining demand offset by weakness in construction & New Zealand market
 - Workwear Group revenue lower due to timing of uniform sales & macroeconomic weakness in UK market
 - Coregas revenue increased due to demand in the bulk sales channels
- Earnings of \$42m, 19.2% down on prior corresponding period
 - Blackwoods earnings decreased due to ongoing investment in customer service, data & digital & supply change transformation activities; strong improvement in customer service metrics achieved during H1
 - Workwear Group earnings benefited from one-off insurance proceeds
 - Coregas earnings slightly lower due to higher material & freight costs

Industrials outlook

Chemicals, Energy & Fertilisers

- Production & demand for products expected to remain robust
- AN to continue to benefit from ongoing disruption at competing Burrup plant but medium term earnings will be affected by an oversupply of EGAN in WA
- Growth in natural gas retail is expected to moderate due to increased competition in the WA market
- Fertiliser earnings dependent on seasonal break but sentiment is positive for WA growers
- Earnings will continue to be impacted by international commodity prices, exchange rates, competitive factors & seasonal outcomes

Industrial & Safety

- Australian conditions & demand expected to remain generally stable, but weakness in New Zealand & UK markets expected to persist
- Performance improvement activities to continue in Blackwoods, Workwear Group & Greencap for the next 12 to 18 months, including data & digital transformation, enhancing supply chain efficiency & building merchandising capability
- Coregas expected to benefit from recent new business wins in healthcare sector; competitive intensity remains high

